

Oberlin College

**Group Number
590467-023**

Vision Benefit Book

Our Member Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) document is available to help you learn more about your rights and responsibilities; information about benefits, restrictions and access to medical care; policies about the collection, use and disclosure of your personal health information; finding forms to request privacy-related matters; tips on understanding your out-of-pocket costs, submitting a claim, or filing a complaint or appeal; finding a doctor, obtaining primary, specialty or emergency care, including after-hours care; understanding how new technology is evaluated; and how to obtain language assistance. The Member FAQ is available on our member site, *My Health Plan*, accessible from MedMutual.com. To request a hard copy of the FAQ, please contact us at the number listed on your member identification (ID) card.

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SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

THE INFORMATION FOUND IN THE SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION
IS NOT A PART OF YOUR CERTIFICATE AND/OR BOOKLET

GENERAL INFORMATION:

Name of Plan:	The Oberlin College Health Plan
Plan Sponsor:	Oberlin College 173 West Lorain Street Oberlin, OH 44074 440-775-8430
Employer ID Number:	34-0714363
Plan Number:	506
Plan Administrator:	Oberlin College 173 West Lorain Street Oberlin, OH 44074 440-775-8430
Service of Legal Process:	Oberlin College 173 West Lorain Street Oberlin, OH 44074 440-775-8430
Plan Cost:	The cost of the Plan is shared by Employee and Employer.
Plan Year:	The Plan's fiscal year ends on 12/31
Plan Trustees:	A list of any Trustees of the Plan, which includes name, title and address, is available upon request to the Plan Administrator.
Plan Type:	This plan is a health care benefit plan.

The preceding pages set forth the eligibility requirements and benefits provided for you under this Plan.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

You may contact the Plan Administrator to determine whether the Plan is maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements and if a particular Employer is a sponsor. A copy is available for examination from the Plan Administrator upon written request.

Discretionary Authority

The Plan Administrator delegates to Medical Mutual the discretionary authority to interpret and apply plan terms and to make factual determinations in connection with its review of claims under the plan. Such discretionary authority is intended to include, but not limited to, the determination of the eligibility of persons desiring to enroll in or claim benefits under the plan, the determination of whether a person is entitled to benefits under the plan, and the computation of any and all benefit payments. The Plan Administrator also delegates to Medical Mutual the discretionary authority to perform a full and fair review, as required by ERISA, of each claim denial which has been appealed by the claimant or his duly authorized representative.

Plan Modification, Amendment and Termination

The Employer as Plan Sponsor reserves the right to, at any time, change or terminate benefits under the Plan, to change or terminate the eligibility of classes of employees to be covered by the Plan, to amend or eliminate any other plan term or condition, and to terminate the whole plan or any part of it. Contact the Employer for the procedure by which benefits

may be changed or terminated, by which the eligibility of classes of employees may be changed or terminated, or by which part or all of the Plan may be terminated. No consent of any participant is required to terminate, modify, amend or change the Plan.

Termination of the Plan together with termination of the insurance policy(s) which funds the Plan benefits will have no adverse effect on any benefits to be paid under the policy(s) for any covered medical expenses incurred prior to the date that policy(s) terminates. Likewise, any extension of benefits under the policy(s) due to you or your Dependent's total disability which began prior to and has continued beyond the date the policy(s) terminates will not be affected by the Plan termination. Rights to purchase limited amounts of life and medical insurance to replace part of the benefits lost because the policy(s) terminated may arise under the terms of the policy(s). A subsequent Plan termination will not affect the extension of benefits and rights under the policy(s).

Your coverage under the Plan's insurance policy(s) will end on the earliest of the following dates:

- the date you leave Active Service (or later as explained in the Termination Section;)
- the date you are no longer in an eligible class;
- if the Plan is contributory, the date you cease to contribute;
- the date the policy(s) terminates.

See your Plan Administrator to determine if any extension of benefits or rights are available to you or your Dependents under this policy(s). No extension of benefits or rights will be available solely because the Plan terminates.

Statement of Rights

As a participant in the plan you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each person under the Plan with a copy of this summary financial report.

Continue Group Health Plan Coverage

Continue health care coverage for yourself, your spouse or Dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your Dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review the documents governing the Plan on the rules governing your federal continuation coverage rights.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA. If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Enforce Your Rights

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents governing the plan or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court.

In addition, if you disagree with the plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or a medical child support order, you may file suit in federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Your Questions

If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

VISION SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

Benefit Period	Rolling 12 Months
Dependent Age Limit	The end of the month of the 23rd birthday

The choice of a Provider is solely yours. Physicians and Other Professional Providers are designated as Managed Vision Care or Non-Managed Vision Care.

The amount of benefits you receive for Covered Services may vary depending upon the status of the Provider. To receive maximum benefits, Covered Services must be provided by a Managed Vision Care Provider. When Covered Services are provided by Non-Managed Vision Care Providers, your benefits may be lower. The status of a Provider can be obtained by calling the customer service telephone number listed on the back of your identification card. This Schedule of Benefits tells you how much Medical Mutual will provide for benefits for Covered Services provided by Managed Vision Care and Non-Managed Vision Care Providers.

It is important that you understand how Medical Mutual calculates your responsibilities under this coverage. Please consult the "HOW CLAIMS ARE PAID" section for necessary information.

Type of Service	For Covered Services received from Managed Vision Care Providers, you pay the following, based upon the Traditional Amount	For Covered Services received from Non-Managed Vision Care Providers, you pay the following
Vision Examinations Limit of one examination per Benefit Period (1)	\$10 Copayment	\$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$45 per examination
Frames Limit of one Frame per Benefit Period (1)	\$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$120	\$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$66 per Frame
Standard Plastic Lenses Limit of one pair per Benefit Period (1)(2)	<p>\$20 Copayment for Single Vision, Bifocal, Trifocal, or Lenticular Lenses</p> <p>\$85 Copayment for Standard Progressive Lenses</p> <p>\$85 Copayment, then any amount over \$120 per pair for Premium Progressive Lenses</p>	<p>Single Vision \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$32 per pair</p> <p>Bifocal \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$55 per pair</p> <p>Trifocal \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$65 per pair</p> <p>Lenticular \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$80 per pair</p> <p>Progressive \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$55 per pair</p>

<p>Contact Lenses Limit of one pair per Benefit Period (1)(2)</p>	<p>Medically Necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 Copayment <p>Cosmetic/Disposable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$110 	<p>Medically Necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$210 per pair <p>Cosmetic/Disposable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 Copayment, then any amount over \$98 per pair
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Notes

1. Benefit frequency maximum specified applies to both Managed Vision Care and Non-Managed Vision Care services.
2. Benefits available for Lenses may be used for Contact Lenses in lieu of Lenses and Frames.

VISION BENEFIT BOOK

This Benefit Book describes the vision benefits available to you as a participant in the Self Funded Benefit Plan (the Plan) offered to you by your Employer (the Plan Sponsor). It is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan Document. This is not a summary plan description or an Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) Plan Document by itself. However, it may be attached to or included with a document prepared by your Group that is called a summary plan description.

There is a Group Contract is between Medical Mutual and the Plan Sponsor.

All persons who meet the following criteria are covered by the Group Contract and are referred to as **Covered Persons, you or your**. They must:

- pay for coverage if necessary; and
- satisfy the eligibility conditions specified by the Plan.

The Plan Administrator shall have the exclusive right to interpret and apply the terms of this Benefit Book. The decision about whether to pay any claim, in whole or in part, is within the sole discretion of Medical Mutual and the Plan Sponsor, and such decisions shall be final and conclusive.

NOTICE: If you or your family members are covered by more than one health care plan, you may not be able to collect benefits from both plans. Each plan may require you to follow its rules or use specific doctors and Hospitals, and it may be impossible to comply with both plans at the same time. Read all of the rules very carefully, including the Coordination of Benefits section, and compare them with the rules of any other plan that covers you or your family.

This Benefit Book should be read and re-read in its entirety. Many of the provisions of this Benefit Book are interrelated; therefore, reading just one or two provisions may not give you an accurate impression of your coverage.

Your Benefit Book may be modified by the attachment of Riders and/or amendments. Please read the provision described in these documents to determine the way in which provisions in this Benefit Book may have been changed.

Many words used in this Benefit Book have special meanings. These words will appear capitalized and are defined for you in the Definitions section. By reviewing these definitions, you will have a clearer understanding of your Benefit Book.

HOW TO USE YOUR BENEFIT BOOK

This Benefit Book describes your vision benefits. Please read it carefully.

The **Schedule of Benefits** gives you information about the limits and maximums of your coverage.

The **Eligibility** section outlines how and when you and your dependents become eligible for coverage under the Plan and when this coverage starts.

The **Vision Benefits** section explains your benefits and some of the limitations on the Covered Services available to you.

The **Exclusions** section lists services which are not covered in addition to those listed in the Vision Benefits section.

The **General Provisions** section tells you how to file a claim. It explains how Coordination of Benefits and Subrogation work. It also explains when your benefits may change, how and when your coverage stops and how to obtain coverage if this coverage stops.

The **Definitions** section will help you understand unfamiliar words and phrases. If a word or phrase starts with a capital letter, it is either a title or it has a special meaning. If the word or phrase has a special meaning, it will be defined in this section or where used in the Benefit Book.

ELIGIBILITY

Applying for Coverage

Prior to receiving this Benefit Book, you applied for individual coverage or family coverage. For either coverage, you completed an enrollment form or Application. There may be occasions when the information on the enrollment form or Application is not enough. The Plan will then request the additional data needed to determine whether you are eligible.

Under individual coverage, only the Card Holder is covered. Under family coverage, the Card Holder and the Eligible Dependents who have been enrolled are covered.

Eligibility - Effective Date

Employee and Retiree Insurance This plan is offered to you as an Employee or Retiree.

Eligibility for Employee Insurance

- you are in a Class of Eligible Employees or Retirees; and
- you are an eligible, full-time Employee; and
- you normally work at least the requirements listed below:
- you are an administrative assistant who is appointed and scheduled to work at least 18 hours per week for at least nine (9) months per calendar year;
- you are a unionized service employee who is appointed and scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week on either a full year or school year basis;
- you are a unionized security employee who is appointed and scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week on either a full year or school year basis;
- you are a faculty member who is appointed at least 4/9 of a full-time appointment;
- you are an administrative or professional staff worker who is appointed to work at least half-time for nine (9) months per calendar year; or
- you are an intern in active appointments of half-time or more; and
- you are an eligible retiree; and
- you pay any required contribution.

If you were previously insured and your insurance ceased, you must satisfy the Waiting Period to become insured again. If your insurance ceased because you were no longer employed in a Class of Eligible Employees, you are not required to satisfy any waiting period if you again become a member of a Class of Eligible Employees within one year after your insurance ceased.

Waiting Period

First day of calendar month following the date that the Employee satisfies the eligibility requirement, the actively at work requirements; and the enrollment requirements of the Plan.

Effective Date of Employee Insurance

You will become insured on the date you elect the insurance by signing an approved payroll deduction or enrollment form, as applicable, but no earlier than the date you become eligible. You will become insured on your first day of eligibility, following your election, if you are in Active Service on that date, or if you are not in Active Service on that date due to your health status.

Late Entrant - Employee

You are a Late Entrant if:

- you elect the insurance more than 30 days after you become eligible; or
- you again elect it after you cancel your payroll deduction (if required).

If you were previously insured and your insurance ceased, you must satisfy the Waiting Period to become insured again. If your insurance ceased because you were no longer employed in a Class of Eligible Employees, you are not required

to satisfy any waiting period if you again become a member of a Class of Eligible Employees within one year after your insurance ceased.

Regular and RAMP Retirees - The Retiree and Dependents will be billed for this health coverage at the current rate for Retirees. The rate may change at any time. Once retired, the Retiree may not add Dependents.

Eligibility for Dependent Insurance

A dependent is any one of the following persons:

- " A covered employee's or retiree's spouse, same gender domestic partner, and married or unmarried child(ren) from birth to 26 years of age,
- " A covered employee's or retiree's child who is either: biological, step-child, adopted or foster child, up to the ages indicated above,
- " Children connected to a same gender domestic partnership will be eligible for health benefits if they fulfill the same eligibility requirement of children of married couples.

o Coverage ends on the last day of the month of the child's 23rd birthday, for vision insurance.

When coverage ends at age 23 under the vision insurance, children will be offered COBRA continuation of their health care. The entire monthly cost must be paid by the continuing person, and the insurance may be kept up to 36 months.

If both husband and wife or same gender domestic partners are employees, their child(ren) will be covered as dependents under one employee, not both.

At any time, the Plan may require proof that a spouse/partner or a child qualifies or continue to qualify as a dependent as defined by the Plan.

The college holds the right to change the definition of "Dependent" at any time, subject to applicable federal and state law.

You will become eligible for Dependent insurance on the later of:

- the day you become eligible for yourself; or
- the day you acquire your first Dependent.

If both spouses/partners are employed by Oberlin College the following will apply:

- a spouse/partner with no children: each must enroll for single coverage, effective July 1, 1996.
- spouses/partners with children/family: the person with the highest salary will enroll with Family coverage, effective January 1, 2002.
- a spouse/partner employed elsewhere and eligible for medical coverage, must carry Single coverage with their own employer, effective January 1, 2002.
- a spouse/partner may also be enrolled on the Oberlin College plan as a secondary plan.

All references to spouse shall be deemed to mean your spouse or same-sex partner. Employees with eligible dependents are required to document eligibility. Proof that an individual is a qualified dependent (marriage or birth certificate, guardianship orders, as applicable) is required at the time of initial enrollment and may be required periodically thereafter. Failure to provide proof of dependent eligibility within 30 days of a request for such proof may result in termination of health plan coverage.

- Spouse - Photocopy of marriage certificate, and the top portion of the first page of the Employee's most recent Federal Tax Return that shows the dependent listed as "Spouse". NOTE: All financial information and Social Security Numbers may be redacted.
- Same-Sex Domestic Partner - Signed affidavit of domestic partnership and supporting documentation as required by the affidavit.
- Natural or adopted child - Photocopy of birth certificate or legal adoptive agreement showing Employee as parent.

Qualified Medical Child Support Order

In general, a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO) is a court order that requires an eligible employee to provide medical coverage for his or her children (called alternate recipients) in situations involving divorce, legal separation or paternity dispute. A QMCSO may not require the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option not otherwise provided under the Plan, except as otherwise required by law. This Plan provides benefits according to the requirements of any QMCSO as defined by ERISA section 609(a). The Group will promptly notify affected participants and alternate recipients if a QMCSO is received. The Group will notify these individuals of its procedures for determining whether

medical child support orders are qualified; within a reasonable time after receipt of such order, the Group will determine whether the order is qualified and notify each affected participant and alternate recipient of its determination.

Once the dependent child is enrolled as an alternate recipient under a QMSCO, the child's appointed guardian will receive a copy of all pertinent information provided to the eligible employee. In addition, should the eligible employee lose eligibility status, the guardian will receive the necessary information regarding the dependent child's rights for continuation of coverage under COBRA.

Effective Date

Coverage starts at 12:01 a.m. on the Effective Date. The Effective Date is determined by the Plan Sponsor. No benefits will be provided for services, supplies or charges Incurred before your Effective Date.

Changes in Coverage

If you have individual coverage, you may change to family coverage if you marry or declare a Domestic Partnership or you, or your spouse or Domestic Partner acquire an Eligible Dependent. You must notify your benefits administrator who must then notify Medical Mutual of the change.

Coverage for a spouse or Domestic Partner and other dependents who become eligible by reason of marriage or Declaration of Domestic Partnership will be effective on the date of the marriage or Declaration of Domestic Partnership, if a request for their coverage is submitted to the Group within 31 days of the marriage or Declaration of Domestic Partnership. A newborn child or an adopted child will be covered as of the date of birth or adoptive placement, provided that you request enrollment within 31 days of the date of birth or adoptive placement. Coverage will continue for an adopted child unless the placement is disrupted prior to legal adoption and the child is removed from placement.

It is important to complete and submit your Enrollment Form promptly, because the date this new coverage begins will depend on when you request enrollment.

There are occasions when circumstances change and only the Card Holder is eligible for coverage. Family coverage must then be changed to individual coverage. In addition, the Group must be notified when you or an Eligible Dependent under your Benefit Book becomes eligible for Medicare.

Your Identification Card

You will receive identification cards. These cards have the Card Holder's name and identification number on them. The identification card should be presented when receiving Covered Services under this coverage because it contains information you or your Provider will need when submitting a claim or making an inquiry. Your receipt or possession of an identification card does not mean that you are automatically entitled to benefits.

Your identification card is the property of the Plan and must be returned to the Plan Sponsor if your coverage ends for any reason. After coverage ends, use of the identification card is not permitted and may subject you to legal action.

VISION BENEFITS

This section describes the services and supplies covered if provided and billed by Providers. All Covered Services must be Medically Necessary unless otherwise specified.

The following are Covered Services:

Vision Examinations - Regardless of Medical Necessity, the Plan will cover the following services when performed as part of a vision examination:

- a case history;
- an external examination of the eye and adnexa;
- an ophthalmoscopic examination;
- a determination of refractive status;
- binocular balance testing;
- tonometry, as needed;
- gross visual fields;
- color vision testing;
- summary findings; and
- recommendations including prescribing Lenses.

Prescribed Lenses and Frames - The Plan will cover the following services only when performed to obtain prescribed Lenses and Frames:

- facial measurements and determination of interpupillary distance;
- assistance in choosing Frames;
- verification of Lenses as prescribed; and
- after-care for a reasonable period of time for fitting and adjustment.

The total payment available for Lenses, Frames and the above services is limited to the amount available for Lenses and Frames listed in the Schedule of Benefits.

Prescribed Contact Lenses - Please refer to your Vision Schedule of Benefits for information on how Contact Lenses will be covered.

EXCLUSIONS

In addition to the exclusions and limitations explained in the Vision Benefits section and in your Certificate, coverage is not provided for services and supplies:

1. Not prescribed by or performed by or under the direction of a Physician or Other Professional Provider.
2. Not performed within the scope of the Provider's license.
3. For Experimental or Investigational equipment, drugs, devices, services, supplies, tests, medical treatments or procedures.
4. For diagnostic services, drugs or medications not part of a vision examination.
5. For medical or surgical treatment.
6. That Medical Mutual determines are special or unusual; such as orthoptics, vision training and low vision aids.
7. For the replacement of Lenses or Frames except as specified in the Schedule of Benefits.
8. For Lenses which are not prescribed.
9. For dilation services received as part of a vision examination.
10. For safety glass and safety goggles.
11. For tints other than Number One or Two.
12. For tints with photosensitive or antireflective properties.
13. For spectacle lens treatments or "add-ons", except for tints Number One or Two.
14. For any surgical procedure for the correction of a visual refractive problem including, but not limited to, radial keratotomy and LASIK (laser in situ keratomileusis).
15. For a Condition occurring in the course of employment or for occupational injuries sustained by sole proprietors, if whole or partial benefits or compensation could be available under the laws of any governmental unit. This applies whether or not you claim such compensation or recover losses from a third party.
16. To the extent that governmental units or their agencies provide benefits, except Health Departments, as determined by Medical Mutual.
17. For which you have no legal obligation to pay in the absence of this or like coverage.
18. Received from a dental or medical department maintained by or on behalf of an employer, mutual benefit association, labor union, trust or similar person or group.
19. For an eye examination or materials ordered as a result of an eye examination prior to your Effective Date.
20. Incurred or received after you stop being a Covered Person.
21. Received from a member of your Immediate Family.
22. For which payment was made or would have been made under Medicare Part B if benefits were claimed. This applies when you are eligible for Medicare even if you did not apply for or claim Medicare benefits. This does not apply, however, if in accordance with federal law, this coverage is primary and Medicare is the secondary payer of your health care expenses.
23. For a Condition that occurs as a result of any act of war, declared or undeclared.
24. For telephone consultations, online consultations, missed appointments, completion of claim forms or copies of medical records.
25. Received in a military facility for a military service related Condition.
26. For fraudulent or misrepresented claims.
27. For non-Covered Services or services specifically excluded in the text of this Benefit Book.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

How to Apply for Benefits

Notice of Claim; Claim Forms

A claim must be filed for you to receive benefits. Many Providers will submit a claim for you; if you submit it yourself, you should use a claim form. In most cases, you can obtain a claim form from your Group or Provider. If your Provider does not have a claim form, Medical Mutual will send you one. Call or notify Medical Mutual, in writing, within 20 days after receiving your first Covered Service and we will send you a form, or you may print a claim form by going to www.medmutual.com/member.

If you fail to receive a claim form within 15 days after you notify Medical Mutual, you may send Medical Mutual your bill or a written statement of the nature and extent of your loss; this must have all the information which Medical Mutual needs to process your claim.

Proof of Loss

Proof of loss is a claim for payment of vision services which has been submitted to Medical Mutual for processing with sufficient documentation to determine whether Covered Services have been provided to you. Medical Mutual must receive a completed claim with the correct information.

Medical Mutual is not legally obligated to reimburse on behalf of the Plan for Covered Services unless Medical Mutual receives written or electronically submitted proof that Covered Services have been given to you. Proof must be given within 90 days of your receiving Covered Services or as soon as is reasonably possible. No proof can be submitted later than one year after services have been received.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

How Claims are Paid

Coinsurance

You may be responsible for Coinsurance amounts subject to any limitations set forth in your Schedule of Benefits.

Copayments

For some Covered Services, you may be responsible for paying a Copayment at the time services are rendered. These Copayments are your responsibility, and they are not reimbursed by Medical Mutual on behalf of the Plan. Please refer to the Schedule of Benefits for specific Copayment amounts.

Schedule of Benefits

The Schedule of Benefits shows your financial responsibility for Covered Services. The Plan covers the remaining liability for Covered Charges after you have paid the amounts indicated in the Schedule of Benefits.

Your Financial Responsibilities

Your financial responsibilities may include Coinsurance amounts, Copayment amounts, Non-Covered Charges and Billed Charges for all services and supplies after benefit maximums have been reached.

You may also be responsible for Excess Charges if your Provider does not accept the Traditional Amount as payment in full.

Coinsurance, Copayments and amounts paid by other parties do not accumulate towards benefit maximums.

Provider Status and Direction of Payment

Medical Mutual has agreed to make payment directly to Participating Physicians and Other Professional Providers.

Some of Medical Mutual's contracts with Providers allow discounts, allowances, incentives, adjustments and settlements. These amounts are for the sole benefit of Medical Mutual and Medical Mutual will retain any payments resulting therefrom; however, Coinsurance and benefit maximums will be calculated as described in this Benefit Book.

The choice of a Provider is yours. After a Provider performs a Covered Service, Medical Mutual will not honor your request to withhold claim payment. Medical Mutual and the Plan do not furnish Covered Services but only pay for Covered Services you receive from Providers. Neither Medical Mutual nor the Plan is liable for any act or omission of any Provider. Neither Medical Mutual nor the Plan have any responsibility for a Provider's failure or refusal to give Covered Services to you.

Medical Mutual has and retains the sole right to choose which Providers it will contract with, and on what terms, and to amend and terminate those contracts. Medical Mutual has and retains the sole right to designate Providers as Managed Vision Care and/or Participating.

You authorize Medical Mutual to make payments directly to Providers who have performed Covered Services for you. Medical Mutual also reserves the right to make payment directly to you. When this occurs, you must pay the Provider and neither Medical Mutual nor the Plan are legally obligated to pay any additional amounts. You cannot assign your right to receive payment to anyone else, nor can you authorize someone else to receive your payments for you.

If Medical Mutual has incorrectly paid for services or it is later discovered that payment was made for services which are not considered Covered Services, then Medical Mutual has the right to recover payment on behalf of the Plan, and you must repay this amount when requested.

Any reference to Providers as Managed Vision Care, Non-Managed Vision Care, Participating or Non-Participating is not a statement about their abilities.

Explanation of Benefits

After Medical Mutual processes your claim, an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) is mailed to you. It lists Covered Services and non-covered services along with explanations for why services are not covered. It contains important amounts and a telephone number if you have any questions.

Time of Payment of Claims

Benefits will be provided under this Benefit Book within 30 days after receipt of a completed claim. To have a payment or denial related to a claim reviewed, you must send a written request to Medical Mutual within 180 days of the claim determination.

Filing a Complaint

If you have a complaint, please call or write to Customer Service at the telephone number or address listed on the front of your Explanation of Benefits (EOB) form and/or identification card. To expedite the processing of an inquiry, the Card Holder should have the following information available:

- name of patient
- identification number
- claim number(s) (if applicable)
- date(s) of service

If your complaint is regarding a claim, a Medical Mutual Customer Service representative will review the claim for correctness in processing. If the claim was processed according to terms of the Plan, the Customer Service representative will telephone the Card Holder with the response. If attempts to telephone the Card Holder are unsuccessful, a letter will be sent explaining how the claim was processed. If an adjustment to the claim is required, the Card Holder will receive a check, Explanation of Benefits or letter explaining the revised decision.

Quality of care issues are addressed by our Quality Improvement Department or committee.

If you are not satisfied with the results, you may continue to pursue the matter through the appeal process.

Filing an Appeal

If you are not satisfied with a benefit determination decision, you may file an appeal. No more than two appeals on one claim will be conducted in accordance with the procedures explained below.

To file an appeal, please call the Customer Service telephone number on your identification card or write a letter with the following information: Card Holder's full name; patient's full name; identification number; claim number if a claim has been denied; date of services; the Provider/facility name; and any supporting information or records, X-rays or photographs you would like considered in the appeal. Send or fax the letter to:

Medical Mutual
Member Appeals Unit
MZ: 01-4B-4809
P.O. Box 94580
Cleveland, Ohio 44101-4580
Fax: (216) 687-7990

To submit an appeal form electronically, go to Medical Mutual's Web site, www.MedMutual.com, under Members' section.

First Level Mandatory Appeal

The Plan offers all members a first level mandatory appeal. You must complete this first level of appeal before any additional action is taken.

First level mandatory appeals related to a claim decision must be filed within 180 days from your receipt of the notice of denial of benefits. All requests for appeal may be made by calling Customer Service or in writing as described above.

Under the appeal process under which there will be a full and fair review of the claim. The internal appeal process is a review of your appeal by an Appeals Coordinator, a Physician consultant and/or other licensed health care professional. The appeal will take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by you and your Provider relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination. All determinations of Medical Necessity that are based, in whole or in part, on a medical judgment are made by health care professionals who have the appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment. The health care professionals who review the appeal will not have made any prior decisions about your care and will not be a subordinate of the professional who made the initial determination on your claim.

You may submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim being appealed. Upon written request, you may have reasonable access to and copies of documents, records and other information relevant to your claim for benefits that you are appealing.

The appeal procedures are as follows:

- You, your authorized representative or your Provider may request a pre-service claim appeal. Pre-service claim appeals are those requested in advance of obtaining vision care for approval of a benefit, as it relates to the terms of the plan Benefit Book. The pre-service claim appeal must be decided within 30 days of the request and must be requested within 180 days of the date you received notice of denial.
- You, your authorized representative or your Provider may request a post-service claim appeal. Post-service claim appeals are those requested for payment or reimbursement of the cost for vision care that has already been provided. The post-service claim appeal must be decided within 30 days of the request and must be requested within 180 days of the date you received notice of denial.

All notices of a denial of benefit will include the following:

- the specific reason for the denial
- reference to the specific plan provision on which the denial is based
- your right to bring a civil action under federal law following the denial of a claim upon review
- if an internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criteria was relied upon in making the benefit determination, then that information will be provided free of charge upon written request

- if the claim was denied based on a Medical Necessity or Experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, then an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment used for the determination in applying the terms of the Plan to the circumstances will be provided free of charge upon request;
- upon specific written request from you, provide the identification of the medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on behalf of Medical Mutual in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the benefit determination.

Voluntary Second Level Appeal

Unless your Group requires you to use an alternative dispute resolution procedure, if your first level mandatory appeal was denied, you have the option of a voluntary second level appeal by Medical Mutual. All requests for appeal may be made by calling or writing to Customer Service. You may submit additional written comments, documents, records, X-rays, photographs and other information relating to the claim being appealed.

This second level of appeal is voluntary, which means this level of appeal is available, but not required, before pursuing any civil action. Any statute of limitations will be applicable during the period of the voluntary appeal process.

The voluntary second level of appeal may be requested at the conclusion of the first level mandatory appeal. The request for the voluntary second level of appeal must be received by Medical Mutual within 60 days from the receipt of the first appeal decision. Medical Mutual will complete its review of the voluntary second level appeal within 30 days from receipt of the request.

The voluntary second level of appeal provides a full and fair review of the claim, There will be a review of your appeal by an Appeals Coordinator, a Physician consultant and/or other licensed health care professional. The appeal will take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by you and the Provider relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the first level mandatory appeal. All determinations of Medical Necessity, that are based in whole or in part on medical judgement, are made by health care professionals who have the appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment. The health care professionals who review the appeal will not have made any prior decisions about your care and will not be a subordinate of the professional who made the initial determination of your claim.

Claim Review

Consent to Release Medical Information - Denial of Coverage

You consent to the release of medical information to Medical Mutual when you sign an Application.

When you present your identification card for Covered Services, you are also giving your consent to release medical information to Medical Mutual. Medical Mutual has the right to refuse to reimburse for Covered Services if you refuse to consent to the release of any medical information.

Right to Review Claims

When a claim is submitted, Medical Mutual will review the claim to ensure that the service was Medically Necessary and that all other conditions for coverage are satisfied. The fact that a Provider may recommend or prescribe treatment does not mean that it is automatically a Covered Service.

Legal Actions

No action, at law or in equity, shall be brought against Medical Mutual or The Plan to recover benefits within 60 days after Medical Mutual receives written proof in accordance with this Benefit Book that Covered Services have been given to you. No such action may be brought later than three years after expiration of the required claim filing limit as specified in the Proof of Loss section.

Coordination of Benefits

The Coordination of Benefits ("COB") provision applies when a person has health care coverage under more than one **Plan**. **Plan** is defined below.

The order of benefit determination rules govern the order in which each **Plan** will pay a claim for benefits. The **Plan** that pays first is called the **Primary plan**. The **Primary plan** must pay benefits in accordance with its policy terms without regard to the possibility that another **Plan** may cover some expenses. The **Plan** that pays after the **Primary plan** is the **Secondary plan**. The **Secondary plan** may reduce the benefits it pays so that payments from all **Plans** does not exceed 100% of the total **Allowable expense**.

Definitions

1. A **Plan** is any of the following that provides benefits or services for medical or dental care or treatment. If separate contracts are used to provide coordinated coverage for members of a group, the separate contracts are considered parts of the same plan and there is no COB among those separate contracts.
 - a. **Plan** includes: group and nongroup insurance contracts, health insuring corporation ("HIC") contracts, closed panel plans or other forms of group or group-type coverage (whether insured or uninsured); medical care components of long-term care contracts, such as skilled nursing care; medical benefits under group or individual automobile contracts; and Medicare or any other federal governmental plan, as permitted by law.
 - b. **Plan** does not include: hospital indemnity coverage or other fixed indemnity coverage; accident only coverage; specified disease or specified accident coverage; supplemental coverage as described in Revised Code sections 3923.37 and 1751.56; school accident type coverage; benefits for non-medical components of long-term care policies; Medicare supplement policies; Medicaid policies; or coverage under other federal governmental plans, unless permitted by law.

Each contract for coverage under "a" or "b" above is a separate **Plan**. If a **Plan** has two parts and COB rules apply only to one of the two, each of the parts is treated as a separate **Plan**.

2. **This plan** means, in a **COB** provision, the part of the contract providing the health care benefits to which the **COB** provision applies and which may be reduced because of the benefits of other plans. Any other part of the contract providing health care benefits is separate from this plan. A contract may apply one **COB** provision to certain benefits, such as dental benefits, coordinating only with similar benefits, and may apply another **COB** provision to coordinate other benefits.
3. The order of benefit determination rules determine whether **This plan** is a **Primary plan** or **Secondary plan** when the person has health care coverage under more than one **Plan** .

When **This plan** is primary, it determines payment for its benefits first before those of any other **Plan** without considering any other **Plan's** benefits. When **This plan** is secondary, it determines its benefits after those of another **Plan** and may reduce the benefits it pays so that all **Plan** benefits do not exceed 100% of the total **Allowable expense**.

4. **Allowable expense** is a health care expense, including Deductibles, Coinsurance and Copayments, that is covered at least in part by any **Plan** covering the person. When a **Plan** provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an **Allowable expense** and a benefit paid. An expense that is not covered by any **Plan** covering the person is not an **Allowable expense**. In addition, any expense that a Provider by law or in accordance with a contractual agreement is prohibited from charging a Covered Person is not an **Allowable expense**.

The following are examples of expenses that are not **Allowable expenses**:

- a. The difference between the cost of a semi-private Hospital room and a private Hospital room is not an **Allowable expense**, unless one of the **Plans** provides coverage for private Hospital room expenses.
- b. If a person is covered by 2 or more **Plans** that compute their benefit payments on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement methodology or other similar reimbursement methodology, any amount in excess of the highest reimbursement amount for a specific benefit is not an **Allowable expense**.
- c. If a person is covered by 2 or more **Plans** that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, an amount in excess of the highest of the negotiated fees is not an **Allowable expense**.

- d. If a person is covered by one **Plan** that calculates its benefits or services on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement methodology or other similar reimbursement methodology and another **Plan** that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the **Primary plan's** payment arrangement shall be the **Allowable expense** for all **Plans**. However, if the Provider has contracted with the **Secondary plan** to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the **Primary plan's** payment arrangement and if the Provider's contract permits, the negotiated fee or payment shall be the **Allowable expense** used by the **Secondary plan** to determine its benefits.
 - e. The amount of any benefit reduction by the **Primary plan** because a Covered Person has failed to comply with the **Plan** provisions is not an **Allowable expense**. Examples of these types of plan provisions include second surgical opinions, precertification of admissions, and preferred provider arrangements.
5. **Closed panel plan** is a **Plan** that provides health care benefits to covered persons primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the **Plan**, and that excludes coverage for services provided by other Providers, except in cases of Emergency or referral by a panel member.
 6. **Custodial parent** is the parent awarded custody by a court decree or, in the absence of a court decree, is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year excluding any temporary visitation.

Order Of Benefit Determination Rules

When a person is covered by two or more **Plans**, the rules for determining the order of benefit payments are as follows:

1. The **Primary plan** pays or provides its benefits according to its terms of coverage and without regard to the benefits under any other **Plan**.
2.
 - a. Except as provided in Paragraph "b" below, a **Plan** that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision that is consistent with this regulation is always primary unless the provisions of both **Plans** state that the complying plan is primary.
 - b. Coverage that is obtained by virtue of membership in a group that is designed to supplement a part of a basic package of benefits and provides that this supplementary coverage shall be excess to any other parts of the **Plan** provided by the contract holder. Examples of these types of situations are major medical coverages that are superimposed over base plan Hospital and surgical benefits, and insurance type coverages that are written in connection with a **Closed panel plan** to provide out-of-network benefits.
3. A **Plan** may consider the benefits paid or provided by another **Plan** in calculating payment of its benefits only when it is secondary to that other **Plan**.
4. Each **Plan** determines its order of benefits using the first of the following rules that apply:
 - a. Non-Dependent or Dependent. The **Plan** that covers the person other than as a dependent, for example as an employee, member, policyholder, subscriber or retiree, is the **Primary plan** and the **Plan** that covers the person as a dependent is the **Secondary plan**. However, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the **Plan** covering the person as a dependent, and primary to the **Plan** covering the person as other than a dependent (e.g. a retired employee), then the order of benefits between the two **Plans** is reversed so that the **Plan** covering the person as an employee, member, policyholder, subscriber or retiree is the **Secondary plan** and the other **Plan** is the **Primary plan**.
 - b. Dependent child covered under more than one plan. Unless there is a court decree stating otherwise, when a dependent child is covered by more than one **Plan**, the order of benefits is determined as follows:
 1. For a dependent child whose parents are married or are living together, whether or not they have ever been married:
 - The **Plan** of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the calendar year is the **Primary plan**; or
 - If both parents have the same birthday, the **Plan** that has covered the parent the longest is the **Primary plan**.
 - However, if one spouse's plan has some other coordination rule (for example, a "gender rule" which says the father's plan is always primary), we will follow the rules of that plan.
 2. For a dependent child whose parents are divorced or separated or not living together, whether or not they have ever been married:
 - a. If a court decree states that one of the parents is responsible for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage and the **Plan** of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that **Plan** is primary. This rule applies to plan years commencing after the **Plan** is given notice of the court decree;

- b. If a court decree states that both parents are responsible for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the provisions of Subparagraph (1) above shall determine the order of benefits;
 - c. If a court decree states that the parents have joint custody without specifying that one parent has responsibility for the health care expenses or health care coverage of the dependent child, the provisions of Subparagraph (1) above shall determine the order of benefits; or
 - d. If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the order of benefits for the child are as follows:
 - The **Plan** covering the **Custodial parent**;
 - The **Plan** covering the spouse of the **Custodial parent**;
 - The **Plan** covering the **non-custodial parent**; and then
 - The **Plan** covering the spouse of the **non-custodial parent**.
3. For a dependent child covered under more than one **Plan** of individuals who are not the parents of the child, the provisions of Subparagraph (1) or (2) above shall determine the order of benefits as if those individuals were the parents of the child.
- c. Active employee or retired or laid-off employee. The **Plan** that covers a person as an active employee, that is, an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, is the **Primary plan**. The **Plan** covering that same person as a retired or laid-off employee is the **Secondary plan**. The same would hold true if a person is a dependent of an active employee and that same person is a dependent of a retired or laid-off employee. If the other **Plan** does not have this rule, and as a result, the **Plans** do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This rule does not apply if the rule labeled 4(a) can determine the order of benefits.
 - d. COBRA or state continuation coverage. If a person whose coverage is provided pursuant to COBRA or under a right of continuation provided by state or other federal law is covered under another **Plan**, the **Plan** covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree or covering the person as a dependent of an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the **Primary plan** and the COBRA or state or other federal continuation coverage is the **Secondary plan**. If the other **Plan** does not have this rule, and as a result, the **Plans** do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This rule does not apply if the rule labeled 4(a) can determine the order of benefits.
 - e. Longer or shorter length of coverage. The **Plan** that covered the person as an employee, member, policyholder, subscriber or retiree longer is the **Primary plan** and the **Plan** that covered the person the shorter period of time is the **Secondary plan**.
 - f. If the preceding rules do not determine the order of benefits, the **Allowable expenses** shall be shared equally between the **Plans** meeting the definition of **Plan**. In addition, **This plan** will not pay more than it would have paid had it been the **Primary plan**.

Effect On The Benefits Of This Plan

1. When **This plan** is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all **Plans** during a plan year are not more than the total **Allowable expenses**. In determining the amount to be paid for any claim, the **Secondary plan** will calculate the benefits it would have paid in the absence of other health care coverage and apply that calculated amount to any **Allowable expense** under its **Plan** that is unpaid by the **Primary plan**. The **Secondary plan** may then reduce its payment by the amount so that, when combined with the amount paid by the **Primary plan**, the total benefits paid or provided by all **Plans** for the claim do not exceed the total **Allowable expense** for that claim. In addition, the **Secondary plan** shall credit to its plan Deductible any amounts it would have credited to its Deductible in the absence of other health care coverage.
2. If a Covered Person is enrolled in two or more **Closed panel plans** and if, for any reason, including the provision of service by a non-panel Provider, benefits are not payable by one **Closed panel plan**, **COB** shall not apply between that **Plan** and other **Closed panel plans**.

Right To Receive And Release Needed Information

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these **COB** rules and to determine benefits payable under **This plan** and other **Plans**. Medical Mutual may get the facts it needs from or give them to other organizations or persons for the purpose of applying these rules and determining benefits payable under **This plan** and other **Plans** covering the person claiming benefits. Medical Mutual need not tell, or get the consent of, any person to do this. Each person claiming benefits under **This plan** must give Medical Mutual any facts it needs to apply those rules and determine benefits payable.

Facility of Payment

A payment made under another **Plan** may include an amount that should have been paid under **This plan**. If it does, Medical Mutual may pay that amount to the organization that made that payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid under **This plan**. Medical Mutual will not have to pay that amount again. The term " payment made " includes providing benefits in the form of services, in which case " payment made " means the reasonable cash value of the benefits provided in the form of services.

Right of Recovery

If the amount of the payments made by Medical Mutual is more than it should have paid under this **COB** provision, it may recover the excess from one or more of the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid, or any other person or organization that may be responsible for the benefits or services provided for the Covered Person. The "amount of the payments made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Coordination Disputes

If you believe that we have not paid a claim properly, you should attempt to resolve the problem by contacting Customer Service at the telephone number or address listed on the front of your Explanation of Benefits (EOB) form and/or identification card.

Right of Subrogation and Reimbursement

Subrogation

The Plan reserves the right of subrogation. This means that, to the extent we provide or pay benefits or expenses for Covered Services, we assume your legal rights to recover the value of those benefits or expenses from any person, entity, organization or insurer, including your own insurer and any under insured or uninsured coverage, that may be legally obligated to pay you for the value of those benefits or expenses. The amount of the Plan's subrogation rights shall equal the total amount paid by the Plan for the benefits or expenses for Covered Services. The Plan's right of subrogation shall have priority over yours or anyone else's rights until the Plan recovers the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services. The Plan's right of subrogation for the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services is absolute and applies whether or not you receive, or are entitled to receive, a full or partial recovery or whether or not you are "made whole" by reason of any recovery from any other person or entity. This provision is intended to and does reject and supersede the "make-whole" rule, which rule might otherwise require that you be "made whole" before the Plan may be entitled to assert its right of subrogation.

Reimbursement

The Plan also reserves the right of reimbursement. This means that, to the extent we provide or pay benefits or expenses for Covered Services, you must repay the Plan any amounts recovered by suit, claim, settlement or otherwise, from any third party or his insurer and any under insured or uninsured coverage, as well as from any other person, entity, organization or insurer, including your own insurer, from which you receive payments (even if such payments are not designated as payments of medical expenses). The amount of the Plan's reimbursement rights shall equal the total amount paid by the Plan for the benefits or expenses for Covered Services. The Plan's right of reimbursement shall have priority over yours or anyone else's rights until the Plan recovers the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services. The Plan's right of reimbursement for the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services is absolute and applies whether or not you receive, or are entitled to receive, a full or partial recovery or whether or not you are "made whole" by reason of any recovery from any other person or entity. This provision is intended to and does reject and supersede the "make whole" rule, which rule might otherwise require that you be "made whole" before the Plan may be entitled to assert its right of reimbursement.

Your Duties

- You must provide the Plan or its designee any information requested by the Plan or its designee within five (5) days of the request.
- You must notify the Plan or its designee promptly of how, when and where an accident or incident resulting in personal injury to you occurred and all information regarding the parties involved.
- You must cooperate with the Plan or its designee in the investigation, settlement and protection of the Plan's rights.
- You must send the Plan or its designee copies of any police report, notices or other papers received in connection with the accident or incident resulting in personal injury to you.

- You must not settle or compromise any claims unless the Plan or its designee is notified in writing at least thirty (30) days before such settlement or compromise and the Plan or its designee agrees to it in writing.

Changes In Benefits or Provisions

The benefits provided by this coverage may be changed at any time. It is your Group's responsibility to notify you when these changes go into effect. If you are receiving Covered Services under this Benefit Book at the time your revised benefits become effective, the Plan will continue to provide benefits for these services only if they continue to be Covered Services under the revised benefits.

Termination of Coverage

How and When Your Coverage Stops

Your coverage stops:

- By termination of the Contract with Medical Mutual including termination for non-payment. This automatically ends all of your coverage and you are not offered a conversion privilege. It is the responsibility of your Group to notify you of such termination.
- On the date that a Covered Person stops being an Eligible Dependent.
- At the end of the month in which the Card Holder becomes ineligible, when a Covered Person stops being an eligible Card Holder.
- At the end of the period for which payment was made when a Covered Person does not pay the required contribution.
- On the last day of the month in which a final decree of divorce, annulment or dissolution of the marriage is filed, a Card Holder's spouse will no longer be eligible for coverage.
- Upon notice if:
 - a Covered Person allows a non-Covered Person to use his/her identification card to obtain or attempt to obtain benefits; or
 - a Covered Person materially misrepresents information provided to Medical Mutual or the Plan, or commits fraud or forgery.

Continuation of Coverage

If any Covered Person's Group coverage would otherwise end, you and your Eligible Dependents may be eligible for continuation of benefits under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986 (COBRA). You may also be eligible to continue benefits under other state or federal laws as a result of employment termination. It is your Group's responsibility to advise you of your COBRA rights and to provide you with the required documents to complete upon the qualifying event.

Your Plan's benefits administrator can coordinate your continuation of coverage. To obtain specific details and to arrange for continuation of Group health care benefits, contact your Group's benefits administrator as soon as possible.

DEFINITIONS

Benefit Book - this document.

Benefit Period - the period of time specified in the Schedule of Benefits during which Covered Services are rendered and benefit maximums are accumulated. The first and/or last Benefit Periods may be less than 12 months depending on the Effective Date and the date your coverage terminates.

Billed Charges - Charges for all services and supplies that the Covered Person has received from the Provider, whether they are a Covered Service or not.

Card Holder - an eligible employee or participant of the Group who has enrolled for coverage under the terms and conditions of the Group Contract.

Coinsurance - a percentage of the Traditional Amount for Covered Services for which you are responsible.

Condition - an injury, ailment, disease, illness or disorder.

Contact Lenses - corrective Lenses, ground or molded, as prescribed by a Physician or Optometrist to be directly fitted to your eye.

Contract - the agreement between Medical Mutual and your Group referred to as the Group Contract. The Contract includes the Group Application, individual Applications of the Card Holders, this Benefit Book, Schedules of Benefits and any Riders or addenda.

Copayment - a dollar amount, if specified in the Schedule of Benefits, that you may be required to pay at the time Covered Services are rendered.

Covered Charges - the Billed Charges for Covered Services.

Covered Person - the Card Holder, and if family coverage is in force, the Card Holder's Eligible Dependent(s).

Covered Service - a Provider's service or supply as described in the Vision Benefits section of this Benefit Book for which the Plan will provide benefits, as listed in the Schedule of Benefits.

Custodian - a person who, by court order, has custody of a child.

Effective Date - 12:01 a.m. on the date when your coverage begins, as determined by your Group and Medical Mutual.

Excess Charges - the amount of Billed Charges less Non-Covered Charges in excess of the Traditional Amount for a Non-Participating Physician or Other Professional Provider.

Experimental or Investigational Drug, Device, Medical Treatment or Procedure - a drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is Experimental or Investigational:

- if the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished;
- if reliable evidence shows that the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is the subject of on-going phase I, II or III clinical trials or is under study to determine maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, efficacy, or efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis; or
- if reliable evidence shows that the consensus of opinion among experts regarding the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, efficacy or efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis.

Reliable evidence means only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature; the written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure; or the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure. Determination will be made by Medical Mutual at its sole discretion and will be final and conclusive.

Frame - standard eyeglasses excluding the Lenses.

Full-time Student - an Eligible Dependent who is enrolled at an accredited institution of higher learning. It must be certified annually that the student meets the institution's requirements for full-time status.

Immediate Family - the Card Holder and the Card Holder's spouse, parents, stepparents, grandparents, nieces, nephews, aunts, uncles, cousins, brothers, sisters, children and stepchildren by blood, marriage or adoption.

Incurred - rendered to you by a Provider.

Legal Guardian - an individual who is either the natural guardian of a child or who was appointed a guardian of a child in a legal proceeding by a court having the appropriate jurisdiction.

Lenses - clear plastic single vision, bifocal or trifocal corrective materials which are ground as prescribed by a licensed Provider.

Managed Vision Care Provider - a Physician or Other Professional Provider which is included in a limited panel of Providers as designated by Medical Mutual as a Managed Vision Care Provider to perform routine vision services and for which the greatest benefit will be payable when one of these Providers is used.

Medically Necessary (or Medical Necessity) - a service, supply and/or Prescription Drug that is required to diagnose or treat a Condition and which Medical Mutual determines is:

- appropriate with regard to the standards of good medical practice and not Experimental or Investigational;
- not primarily for your convenience or the convenience of a Provider; and
- the most appropriate supply or level of service which can be safely provided to you. When applied to Prescription Drugs, this means the Prescription Drug is cost effective compared to alternative Prescription Drugs which will produce comparable effective clinical results.

Contact Lenses are considered Medically Necessary when:

- necessary following cataract Surgery;
- visual acuity cannot be corrected to 20/70 in either eye with other Lenses; or
- required for the treatment of anisometropia or keratoconus.

Medicare - the program of health care for the aged and disabled established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, as amended.

Non-Covered Charges - Billed Charges for services and supplies that are not Covered Services.

Non-Participating - the status of a Physician or Other Professional Provider that does not have an agreement with Medical Mutual about payment for Covered Services.

Non-Managed Vision Care Provider - a Physician or Other Professional Provider which is not designated by Medical Mutual as a Managed Vision Care Provider.

Optician - a person lawfully engaged in dispensing Lenses prescribed by a Physician or Optometrist.

Optometrist - a person licensed to practice optometry.

Other Professional Provider - only the following persons or entities which are licensed as required:

- Optometrist; and
- Optician.

Participating - the status of a Physician or Other Professional Provider that has an agreement with Medical Mutual about payment for Covered Services.

Physician - a person who is licensed and legally authorized to practice medicine.

Provider - Physician or Other Professional Provider.

Surgery -

- the performance of generally accepted operative and other invasive procedures;
- the correction of fractures and dislocations;
- usual and related preoperative and postoperative care; or
- other procedures as reasonably approved by Medical Mutual.

Traditional Amount - the maximum amount determined and allowed by Medical Mutual for a Covered Service provided by a Physician or Other Professional Provider based on factors, including the following:

- the actual amount billed by a Provider for a given service

- Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)'s Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS)
- other fee schedules
- input from Participating Physicians and wholesale prices (where applicable)
- geographic considerations; and
- other economic and statistical indicators and applicable conversion factors.

Multi-Language Interpreter Services & Nondiscrimination Notice



This document notifies individuals of how to seek assistance if they speak a language other than English.

Spanish

ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Chinese

注意:如果您使用繁體中文,您可以免費獲得語言援助服務。請致電 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711)。

German

ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlos sprachliche Hilfsdienstleistungen zur Verfügung. Rufnummer: 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Arabic

ملحوظة: إذا كنت تتحدث اذكر اللغة، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية تتوافر لك (بالمجان. اتصل برقم 1-800-382-5729 رقم هاتف الصم والبكم 711).

Pennsylvania Dutch

Wann du Deitsch schwetzscht, kannscht du mitaus Koschte ebber gricke, ass dihr helft mit die englisch Schprooch. Ruf selli Nummer uff. Call 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Russian

ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите на русском языке, то вам доступны бесплатные услуги перевода. Звоните 1-800-382-5729 (телетайп: 711).

French

ATTENTION: Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 1-800-382-5729 (ATS: 711).

Vietnamese

CHÚ Ý: Nếu bạn nói Tiếng Việt, có các dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí dành cho bạn. Gọi số 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Navajo

Dí baa akó nínizin: Dí saad bee yánílti' go Diné Bizaad, saad bee áká'ánída'áwo'déé', t'áá jiiik'eh, éi ná hóló, koji' hódíílnih 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Oromo

XIYYEEFFANNAA: Afaan dubbattu Oroomiffa, tajaajila gargaarsa afaanii, kanfaltiidhaan ala, ni argama. Bilbilaa 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Korean

주의: 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711)번으로 전화해 주십시오.

Italian

ATTENZIONE: In caso la lingua parlata sia l'italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Chiamare il numero 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Japanese

注意事項:日本語を話される場合、無料の言語支援をご利用いただけます。1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711)まで、お電話にてご連絡ください。

Dutch

AANDACHT: Als u nederlands spreekt, kunt u gratis gebruikmaken van de taalkundige diensten. Bel 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Ukrainian

УВАГА! Якщо ви розмовляєте українською мовою, ви можете звернутися до безкоштовної служби мовної підтримки. Телефонуйте за номером 1-800-382-5729 (телетайп: 711).

Romanian

ATENȚIE: Dacă vorbiți limba română, vă stau la dispoziție servicii de asistență lingvistică, gratuit. Sunați la 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Tagalog

PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, maaari kang gumamit ng mga serbisyo ng tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

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- Medical Mutual provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as qualified sign language interpreters, and written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, etc.).
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Civil Rights Coordinator

Medical Mutual of Ohio
2060 East Ninth Street
Cleveland, OH 44115-1355
MZ: 01-10-1900

Email: CivilRightsCoordinator@MedMutual.com

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- Electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal available at:
ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf
- By mail at:
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F
HHH Building
Washington, DC 20201-0004
- By phone at:
1-800-368-1019 (TDD: 1-800-537-7697)
- Complaint forms are available at:
hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html

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